

OSTIM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND ADMINISTRATIVE SCIENCES BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT COURSE SYLLABUS FORM

ATA 101 Principles of Atatürk and History of Turkish Revolution I										
	Course Name	Course Code	Period	Hours	Application	Laboratory	Credit	ECTS		
	Principles of Atatürk and History of Turkish Revolution I	ATA 101	3	2	0		2	2		

Language of Instruction	Turkish
Course Status	Compulsory
Course Level	Bachelor
Learning and Teaching Techniques of the Course	Lecture, Question-Answer, Problem Solving

Course Objective

The main aim is not for the student to learn theoretical or encyclopedic knowledge, but to establish a link between history and his field of expertise. In addition, it is to ensure that s/he sees the problems of the age and the world in which s/he lives from a wider perspective. To reveal the place and contribution of Turkish-Islamic civilization in these turning points by identifying the main turning points in the history of civilization. It is aimed to transfer the XX century Turkish modernization (political, military, art and technique) and its projections, foundations or ruptures before the XX century to the students by visualizing as much as possible with technological possibilities. To provide learning by comparing the Turkish Revolution, Kemalism thought and Atatürk's principles within the framework of old Turkish and world history.

Learning Outcomes

The students who become successful in this course will be able;

- 1. to establish a connection between their field of expertise and history
- 2. to learn Turkey's recent history
- 3. to learn founding philosophy and basic principles of the Republic of Turkey
- 4. to have the necessary knowledge about the development of democracy in Turkey
- 5. to gain a general knowledge of the 20th century world, important international developments and decisive developments affecting our day
- 6. to learn the international problems and resources of today's Turkey
- 7. to compare the past and present conditions and to build a knowledge bridge.



Course Outline

The history of Turkish modernization is discussed within the framework of the general history of civilization. In this direction, the important periods of the history of civilization are briefly explained and the place and contribution of Turkish history in these periods is revealed. Afterwards, the reasons why the Ottoman Empire, which guided the history of civilization for a period, entered the regression process were emphasized. Finally, the establishment process of modern Turkey on the legacy of the Ottoman Empire is explained.

	Weekly Topics and Related Prep	paration Studies
Weeks	Topics	Preparation Studies
1	Antiquity and Rome in Outline	 Ancient Greece and the Birth of Democracy Roman Empire Urban Culture Law Regular Armies Road and Central State
2	The Two Faces of the Middle Ages	 The Church and Europe in the Grip of Feudal Fragmentation The Golden Age of the Turkish-Islamic World How Did the Turkish-Islamic World Connect with the Intellectual Heritage of Antiquity in the Middle Ages?
3	The Scientific Revolution and Its Pioneers in the Middle Ages	 Al Jazari Al-Farabi Ibn al-Haytham Ibn Rushd Jabir b. Hayyan Ibn Sina Meryem Al Usturlabi
4	Modern Age and Enlightenment	 The invention of heavy artillery and the end of feudalism Ehl-i Hiref in the Ottoman Empire as a design organization? The Winners and Losers of the New World (The Rise of England, Spain and Portugal, The Ottoman State Cannot See the Changing World) While Medieval Turkish-Islamic Civilization Influenced the World, Why Did It lag behind Europe since the XVII Century?
5	Industrial Revolution in the XVIII Century	 "The Story of Cotton; Slaves, India and the British Industrial Revolution" Which Nations Rise, Which Fallen? Ottoman and Industrial Revolution 1789



French Revolution and Its Results 1. Reform 2. Revolution 3. Charter of Alliance 4. The rescript of gülhane 5. Edict of Reform 6. I. Constitutional Monarchy 1. At the very beginning of the 20th century, imperialism's struggle for division, Tripoli, the Balkan Warn the conditions that brought about First World War. Ottoman Empire in the XX Century The war of Tripoli and the firmulanes MIDTERM EXAM
9 World War I (1914-1918)
10-11 Mustafa Kemal Pasha in Samsun Circular Letters
12 Mustafa Kemal Pasha in Samsun Congress
From Toy (Congress) to the Grand National Assembly of Turkey Assembly Tradition in Turks
Foreign Aid Issue in the National Struggle "The Case of President Osman Kocaoğlu of Bukhara"
1. Eastern Front 2. Southern Front 3. Western Front 4. Mudanya Armistice
16 FINAL EXAM



Textbook(s)/References/Materials:

Textbook:

Amin Maoluf, Arapların Gözünde Haçlı Seferleri

Ali Fuat Cebesoy, Milli Mücadele Hatıraları

Bernard Lewis, Modern Türkiye'nin Doğuşu

Cemal Yıldırım, Bilim Tarihi

E. Jan Zürcher, Modernleşen Türkiye'nin Tarihi

El Farabi, El Medinetül Fazıla

Supplementary References:

Mehmet Bayrakdar; İslam Bilim Adamları

Murat Yülek, Ulusların Yükselişi (İmalat, Ticaret, Sanayi Politikası ve Ekonomik Kalkınma)

Other Materials:

Kemal Tahir, Esir Şehrin İnsanları (Novel), Yorgun Savaşçı (Novel)

Turgut Özakman; Diriliş, Çanakkale 1915 (Novel)



Assess	sment	
Studies	Number	Contribution margin (%)
Attendance		
Lab		
Class participation and performance	1	20
Field Study		
Course-Specific Internship (if any)		
Quizzes / Studio / Critical		
Homework		
Presentation		
Projects		
Report		
Seminar		
Midterm Exam/Midterm Jury	1	30
General Exam / Final Jury	1	50
Total		100
Success Grade Contribution of Semester Studies		50
Success Grade Contribution of End of Term		50
Total		100

ECTS / Workload Table									
Activities	Number	Duration (Hours)	Total Workload						
Course hours (Including the exam week): 16 x total course hours)	16	2	32						
Laboratory									
Application									
Course-Specific Internship (if any)									
Field Study									
Study Time Out of Class	16	1	16						
Presentation / Seminar Preparation									
Projects									
Reports									
Homework									
Quizzes / Studio Review									
Preparation Time for Midterm Exams / Midterm Jury	1	4	4						
Preparation Period for the Final Exam / General Jury	2	4	8						
Total Workload	(60/.	30 = 2)	60						





	Course' Contribution Level to Learning Outcomes							
		Co	Contribution Level					
Nu	Learning Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5		
LO1	to establish a connection between their field of expertise and history					X		
LO2	to learn Turkey's recent history					X		
LO3	to learn founding philosophy and basic principles of the Republic of Turkey					X		
LO4	to have the necessary knowledge about the development of democracy in Turkey					X		
LO5	to gain a general knowledge of the 20th century world, important international developments and decisive developments affecting our day					X		
LO6	to learn the international problems and resources of today's Turkey					X		
LO7	to compare the past and present conditions and to build a knowledge bridge.					X		



		ourse Learning Outcomes and Program Competencies at of Management Information Systems) Learning Outcomes Total							cies
Nu	Program Competencies	LO1	LO2	Learn LO3	LO4		LO6	LO7	Total Effect (1-5)
1	Recognize and distinguish the basic concepts such as data, information, and knowledge in the field of Management Information Systems and know the processes to be followed for data acquisition, storage, updating, and security.								
2	Develop and manage databases suitable for collecting, storing, and updating data.								
3	As a result of his/her ability to think algorithmically, and easily find solutions to problems concerning basic business functions.								
4	Learn programming logic, and have information about current programming languages.								
5	Be able to use up-to-date programming languages.								
6	Be able to take part in teamwork or lead a team using knowledge of project management processes.								
7	Know ethical and legal rules, and use professional field knowledge within the scope of ethical and legal rules.								
8	Know the fundamental areas of business administration namely management and organization, production, finance, marketing, numerical methods, accounting, etc., and have the knowledge and skills to work in-depth in at least one of them.								
9	Be able to solve the problems encountered in the field of internet programming by designing web applications.								
10	Develop and manage logistics and supply chain management activities								
11	Adapt his/her theoretical knowledge and the experience he/she will gain through practice at the departments of businesses such as information technologies, R&D, and management to real life.								
12	Be able to develop strategies that will		Q						



	his/her advanced knowledge of management strategies and management functions.				
13	Develop a business idea, commercialize the business idea, and design and manage his/her venture using entrepreneurial knowledge.				
14	By using English effectively, they can follow, read, write, speak and communicate universal information in the field of management information systems in a foreign language with professional competence.				

Total Effect

Policies and Procedures

Web page: https://www.ostimteknik.edu.tr/management-information-systems-english-1241/915

Exams: The exams aim at assessing various dimensions of learning: knowledge of concepts and theories and the ability to apply this knowledge to real-world phenomena, through analyzing the situation, distinguishing problems, and suggesting solutions. The written exams can be of two types, ie. open-ended questions, which can also be in the form of problems or multiple-choice questions.

Assignments: Homework (Assignments) might be applicable. Scientific Research Ethics Rules are very important while preparing assignments. The students should be careful about citing any material used from outside sources and reference them appropriately.

Missed exams: Any student missing an exam needs to bring an official medical report to be able to take a make-up exam. The medical report must be from a state hospital.

Projects: Not applicable.

Attendance: Attendance requirements are announced at the beginning of the term. Students are usually expected to attend at least 70% of the classes during each term.

Objections: If the student observes a material error in his/her grade, he/she has the right to place an objection to the Faculty or the Department. The claim is examined and the student is notified about its outcome.